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DINNER DANCE
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Column One
BY
David Courtney

THERE is a feeling in London and Washington that an oil agreement with Persia will bring luck. After that, Egypt will soften; and Anglo-American relations will get better in themselves and better in relation to the Middle East. Anyway, there is a kind of breath-held hope that Teheran will accept the new British proposals put to it last week. There is a hitch just now, not a deadlock: apparently it is a difference of opinion over the question of compensation to be paid by Persia to the A.I.O.C. and by the A.I.O.C. to Persia, and over the form of arbitration to which the claims would be submitted. Mr. Loy Henderson, the U.S. Ambassador, has been spending most of his days by the bedside of Dr. Mossadegh, who seems to have had enough of those twin bearers of the fiery sword, Mullah Kashani and Hussein Makki, and may have had enough of the oil conflict: the glory is beginning to run out with the cash; and even the sailing of the Miriella, with 5,000 tons of refined oil consigned to Genoa (but, says malicious rumour, intended for a market behind the Iron Curtain), has not stirred public opinion like the Rose Mary did.

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IN general, the prospects for agreement seem fair. The British proposals were drafted with the help of the U.S. State Department representative, Mr. Eyeroade, who, it is thought, left London on the 17th January after he had received word from Mr. Henderson that Dr. Mossadegh had seen the proposals the day before and had been favourably impressed. On the next Sunday a report from Teheran quoted Persian Government sources as saying that "all major difficulties had been settled following the submission of the new British proposals." That, of course, was excessively optimistic: there was no good reason for it, said a U.S. spokesman in London, who thought there might even be reason for pessimism. But the U.S. spokesman was not then aware of the outcome of the dispute between Dr. Mossadegh and his old ally, Mullah Kashani, President of the Majlis, who, together with Hussein Makki and the Labour leader, Mozafar Baghai, had tried to prevent the Majlis from giving Dr. Mossadegh renewal of his special powers, which run out on February 9. The irrepressible Mossadegh won handsomely. The crowds in the street called down curses upon his opponents and the Majlis gave him his powers by a big majority. Freed from the influence of Kashani's fanaticism and Makki's defiant illusions, Dr. Mossadegh should be better able to reach an agreement with Britain satisfactory to Persian pride and the national Exchequer.

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WHAT the British proposals are has not been officially stated. But they seem to include a U.S. offer to store two million tons of refined oil for which 40 million dollars would be paid, and an offer by Anglo-Iranian to take eight million tons of crude for 64 million dollars, half of which would be set aside against compensation claims (to be decided upon by international arbitration) and the other half to be paid to Teheran in instalments. The proposals are also said to allow for the resumption of refining operations at Abadan, with American technicians, and for marketing arrangements which would permit the Persian nationalized industry to sell 25 per cent of production where it pleased, the remaining 75 per cent to be sold to a group of Anglo-American oil companies. To help the Persian Government out of its present difficulties and along the way toward some of the development plans proposed for the country, the U.S. would presumably make a very much bigger grant than the ten million dollars offered at the time of the joint Anglo-American proposals last August.

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IT is difficult to see how, in the present condition of the world, Dr. Mossadegh can hope to get much better terms than these. The mood of resistance to all contractual arrangements with the West — a mood common to all the Moslem countries of the Middle East — has its appeal only as long as there is some economic alternative to these arrangements. In the case of Persia, the Miriella and a dozen such are no such alternative. Ultimately, the oil will have to flow through organized Western channels or stay in the ground. Even the Soviet is in no position to help Persia raise and refine the oil and convey it to Communist markets. On the whole, therefore, the outlook is reasonably fair.

Jerusalem, January 11.

Nairobi Manhunt For Murderers Of British Family

NAIROBI, Sunday. — Troops, police and dogs, scoured the Aberdare forest today for the Mau Mau murderers who last night hacked to death a white woman doctor, her farmer-policeman husband, their six-year-old son and an African gardener.

Mrs. Esme Ruck, 32, who, in her dispensary, had treated hundreds of Africans, and 37-year-old Roger E. Ruck, both Britons, were strolling in their garden in pyjamas after supper when a gang of African terrorists cut them down with *pangas*, the sharp hoes used by Kikuyu tribesmen for tilling the soil. The boy, Michael, was killed in his bed. After the gang had smashed down the door, the Rucks' African gardener was also killed by severe slashes.

In Johannesburg yesterday, Bishop Ambrose Reeves told an interviewer that he fully supported the resolutions condemning racial discrimination adopted by the World Church Congress in Lucknow recently. The Congress had deprecated racial discrimination, political, social or economic, as being at variance with Christian doctrine and with arousing only the anger and resentment of coloured peoples. (AP, AFP)

Big U.N. Attack In Korea Beaten Back

TOKYO, Sunday (UP). — U.N. fighting men launched their biggest attack in three months today against a ridge on the central front, but Chinese Communist beat back the assault in four hours of vicious battle.

The Allied attack was the largest action since October 14, when U.S. troops hit Triangle Hill. Today's assault was against a ridge north-east of Chorwon, but it fell short of its target under heavy machinegun and rifle fire from the Chinese, who rolled hand-grenades down the steep slope into the ranks of the advancing troops.

Despite a furious artillery barrage and heavy pounding by planes the Chinese were prepared for the action, and U.N. troops withdrew to their lines.

In air battles U.N. Sabrejets defeated Communist MIG-15's for the sixth consecutive day, destroying one Soviet-made jet and damaging another.

S. KOREANS PRAISED

SEOUL, Sunday (AP). — General James Van Fleet said tonight he believes the South Korean army could be built up within 12 months to hold the entire 155-mile Korean battle-front — if the U.N. should decide to stay on the present line or to move forward.

Gen. Van Fleet told a news conference: "The Republic of Korea's army is a proven army. They have sufficient manpower in Korea to support a much larger army."

Korean divisions gradually are taking over the front from the U.S. divisions, presumably as part of President Eisenhower's expressed wishes to pull Americans off the line. South Koreans now hold roughly two-thirds of the front. Twelve Korean divisions have been activated — eight less than Gen. Van Fleet recommended be outfitted. President Eisenhower has said he plans to speed the activation of more Korean divisions.

Gen. Van Fleet also said he believes that other U.N. countries besides the U.S. should send "appreciably more" troops to Korea. "It is my opinion they should, and I have recommended so," he said.

INDIA REAFFIRMS NEUTRAL POLICY

NEW DELHI, Sunday (AFP). — Rajendra Prasad, Indian President, today reaffirmed "India's loyalty to the policy of independence with respect to all power blocs."

Speaking on the occasion of the third anniversary of the Indian Republic, which is to be celebrated tomorrow, Mr. Prasad expressed his disapproval of Pakistan's reported intention to join a Middle East defence arrangement.

Georghiu Dej Retains Premiership

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — Changes in the Rumanian Government entailing the creation of new ministries and posts bearing on economic and industrial conditions were announced last night by the Rumanian news agency. The new ministries supplement existing ministries dealing with economic matters.

A State Planning Committee has been set up. There are now separate Ministries of Construction and Building Materials; Power Stations and Electrical Equipment; State Farms; Meat, Fish and the Dairy Industry; Coal, and Social Welfare. The existing Ministry of Chemical and Metallurgical Industries has been split in two.

The new Government was elected at today's session of the Grand National Assembly, the Rumanian agency said.

M. Georghe Georghiu Dej, who became Prime Minister last June, retains his post, with three of the four former Vice-Premiers — Georghe Apostol, Iosif Chisinevschi and Chivu Stoica. The former fourth Vice-Premier, Dimitru Petrescu, who was also Minister of Finance, retains the Finance Ministry only. The new fourth Vice-Premier, a newcomer, is G. H. Vidrascu.

The Foreign Ministry is still held by M. Simion Bughici, who took over after Miss Ana Pauker's dismissal last July. Minister of the Armed Forces, Emil Bodnaras, also retains his post.

M. Constantin Pirvulescu, former Minister of Forestry and Timber, goes to the Ministry of Agriculture. Former Minister of the Interior Alexandru Draghici becomes Minister of State Security, a new post.

The Assembly also elected the Presidium. Dr. Petru Groza remains Chairman, M. Mihai Sadoveanu retaining his Vice-Chairman's seat.

Cabinet Gets Reports On Frontier Security

Jerusalem POST Staff

The Cabinet yesterday heard reports on what was officially described as "the deterioration of the security situation along the Israel-Jordan border."

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Moshe Sharett, is understood to have discussed the political aspects of the Armistice Agreements, while Aluf Moshe Dayan, Chief of the Army's G Branch (operations and intelligence) reported in detail on the recent border incidents and violations of the Agreements, as well as the resurgence of infiltration and marauders' raids.

The incident which had led to Israel's cancellation last week of the local commanders' border agreement of December 30 was brought to a conclusion suddenly yesterday afternoon, when the three soldiers and their civilian driver-instructor who had been taken prisoner by the Jordanians three weeks ago were finally released and returned to Israel. (See adjacent column).

The only item on the Cabinet's agenda apart from the security situation, which was mentioned in the Communique issued after the meeting, was the work of the Lavon Committee examining the civil service.

It was stated that the Committee's authority was re-affirmed, but no explanation was mittee's authority was reaffirmation had become necessary. For the third week in succession, the regular Press briefing was not held and no information available other than the brief communique.

It has been reported that the Committee has virtually completed the first phase of its work, with its survey of the Ministries of Finance and Defence. It is understood that the total number of civil servants whom the Committee would recommend retiring would total between 2,500 and 3,000. This would mean, it carried out, a budget saving of between IL.5m. and IL.6m.

The official Cabinet communique stated:

At its meeting yesterday, the Cabinet heard Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett and a representative of the General Staff give a detailed report on the deterioration of the security situation along the Armistice line with Jordan, and on the implementation of the Armistice Agreements with other neighbouring states.

A discussion was held on the work of the committee examining the Civil Service and its efficiency, and the authority of the committee was re-affirmed.

STOP PRESS

An all-night engagement between an Army patrol and a gang of marauders stealing pipes from a settlement in the Western Negev on Saturday night ended in the "enemy being driven back to the Gaza Strip," an Army spokesman reported in Tel Aviv late last night.

"The Israel force suffered no casualties, but it is believed that losses were inflicted on the enemy," the spokesman said.

He pointed out that the wave of thefts and sabotage has taken on considerable dimensions in the past few weeks, with irrigation equipment, draught animals and cattle being stolen.

Jordan Returns Three Soldiers and Driver

The three soldiers and their civilian driving instructor who were captured on January 4 after they erroneously entered Jordan were handed over yesterday afternoon to Israel officials at Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem, an Army spokesman announced yesterday.

The body of an Israel soldier who was killed Thursday night near the village of Falama in the Little Triangle was also returned.

The soldiers and their instructor, whose vehicle has not yet been returned, were on a routine driving exercise from which they failed to return. Their whereabouts were only made known after an Israeli, who was returned by Jordan on January 6, reported seeing them in custody in Jordan.

This was regarded as a violation of an agreement signed only a week earlier which provided that persons who mistakenly cross the lines would be returned after a short interrogation, an Army spokesman announced at that time.

13 Caught in Week

One infiltrator was wounded and 13 were captured from January 15 to 22 by Defence Forces and Police, an Army spokesman announced yesterday.

Reparations' Delay Upsets Calculations

Economic circles in Jerusalem are showing increasing concern at the delay in the ratification of the Reparations Agreement in view of the fact that on the understanding that part of the reparations would be used to pay for fuel imports from the Sterling Bloc, plans were made for the use of Israel's other Sterling incomes.

The Bank Leumi Le-Israel has guaranteed credits given by the Shell Company, and certain of Israel's Sterling incomes have been frozen as a kind of collateral for these guarantees. Among the incomes frozen are the entire income from the sale of citrus to Britain and part of the income from the export of polished diamonds.

The first payment to be made to the Shell Company by the Bank Leumi is due on March 1.

It is pointed out that while it is inconceivable that the Bundestag will fail to ratify the Agreement, the delay is causing considerable trouble, which, for the moment, is of an essentially technical nature.

It is believed that if the Agreement is not approved soon, the Treasury will have difficulty balancing the foreign currency budget for the period June 1952 — June 1953, in which $65m. of reparations constitute nearly 20 per cent of the total income. The return of Dr. F. E. Shinnar from Bonn is therefore awaited with some impatience.

Ministers Meet On Education at Tiberias

TIBERIAS, Sunday. — The inter-ministerial committee for unified education met at the Galei Kinneret Hotel today under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister who is spending his vacation here.

Those present were the Ministers of Labour, Mrs. Myerson; Education and Culture, Professor Dinur; Interior, Mr. Rokach; Communications, Mr. Saphir; Religious Affairs, Mr. Shapiro; and Foreign Affairs, Mr. Sharett; Justice, Mr. Rosen; and Rabbi Y.L. Maimon, former Minister of Religious Affairs.

The meeting lasted for more than two hours. No statement was issued to the press. The Committee members were the guests of the Prime Minister at dinner before leaving Tiberias.

Bernstein Hints At IL.6—£1 Rate

LONDON, Sunday (INA). — A new exchange rate of about six Israel pounds to the pound sterling was hinted at by Israel Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Peretz Bernstein, in an interview published in the "Sunday Times" today.

The correspondent said that Mr. Bernstein was optimistic about Israel's economic future. "I hope," the Minister said, "to introduce a policy of liberalisation and remove controls wherever possible. The deflationary policy started by the Government more than a year ago is already bearing fruit.

"We have abolished rationing of all consumer goods other than basic foodstuffs, without causing any shortages. Imported raw materials are still in short supply but I hope this will be alleviated to some extent when the German reparations payments start to operate.

He would not disclose what the new rate would be, but he implied indirectly that it would be near the present unofficial Zurich rate, which is about IL.6 to £1.

"Ha'aretz" reports, however, that Mr. Bernstein has denied making such a suggestion.

A top spokesman in the Ministry of Finance denied any knowledge of the plan mentioned in the "Sunday Times" interview, and indicated that there was "no basis" for the story.

Nagib Empowered To Proclaim State Of Mobilization

CAIRO, Monday (AP). — A decree today empowered the Government to proclaim a state of general mobilization in the case of war, threat of war or of "international tension".

The decree said the proclamation of general mobilization would give the authorities the "right to summon reserve officers, draft persons working in public utilities or in jobs related with defence, and requisition of essential materials and commodities, buildings and transport."

The new legislation also provides that "nationals of Governments with whom diplomatic relations would be severed should report within three days after the proclamation of general mobilization to the Governorates of the provinces in which they live".

Premier Nagib today unveiled a statue commemorating the Egyptian auxiliary policemen who fell in clashes with British troops in the Suez Canal Zone last year. The occasion was the first anniversary of the "Ismailia battle" at Ismailia, where 46 auxiliary policemen were killed and about 150 wounded in a battle against British infantrymen supported by tanks and field artillery.

The Ismailia battle touched off Cairo's January 26 fire riots.

Nagib in his speech today said: "We have here to commemorate not only the martyrs of the Canal Zone, but all the Egyptian martyrs who fell in the Palestine and other wars fighting for the Fatherland."

The Premier added that the auxiliary policemen's heroism in the Canal Zone "has proved the courage of the Egyptian soldier and has shown he is second to none." The Premier announced that it has been decided that the policemen were eligible for the "Liberation Star," a decoration given to all ranks in the army who contributed to the success of last July's coup d'etat.

Syrian Trade with Bonn To Depend on Reparations

DAMASCUS, Sunday (AP). — Syria will not resume economic negotiations with West Germany until the latter's attitude to the Israel reparations agreement has been modified, it was officially announced here today. These negotiations, aiming at the conclusion of a commercial treaty between Germany and Syria, date back more than 14 months.

In her relations with Lebanon, Syria no less than the Lebanon, hopes to reach a mutually profitable economic convention, Finance Minister, Sayid Zayim declared today.

"We welcome as much as the Lebanon does economic unity as a basis of future relations," he said.

Asked to define the exact meaning of economic unity, Zayim said: "I understand by it a complete economic oneness embracing, in particular, a unification of customs, currency, economic policy on exports and imports, and a unification of rates and taxes of a common nature."

Observers here believe that both parties will this time go to their meeting with good intentions and armed with data compiled from the experience of the last two years of economic separation.

MOROCCAN GOVERNOR FLIES TO PARIS

CASABLANCA, Sunday (AFP). — The French Resident-General in Morocco, General Guillaume, left by air for Paris this morning.

He said that he was going to establish contact with the new French Government, "as was natural."

Oren in Best Of Health, Czechs Say

Mr. Mordecai Oren, Mapam leader imprisoned in Prague, is in the best of health according to a letter received by the Israel Charge d'Affaires in Czechoslovakia from the Czech Foreign Ministry, an Israel Foreign Ministry spokesman announced yesterday.

The letter was received last Thursday, and was dated January 8, it was said. The letter denied Israel press reports that Mr. Oren was sick.

The Israel Charge d'Affaires asked the Czech Foreign Ministry for news of Mr. Oren's health on November 14.

BOMB HOAX

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — An anonymous telephone call this evening to Hotel Galil in Rehov Hillel Hazaken here, in the basement of which a Communist Youth Club is situated, informed them that they were about to be blown up, together with the club premises.

Police sent a demolition expert accompanied by patrolmen. A search of the premises produced nothing suspicious.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Egypt is considering closing down all her diplomatic representations in countries behind the Iron curtain except Russia, for economic reasons, a usually well-informed source disclosed in Cairo yesterday. The informant said the move would not have any political significance.

Zionist Leaders to Meet In Jerusalem on USSR Danger

E. German Jewish Communist Leader Held for Aiding Flight

BERLIN, Sunday (UP). — East German security police today arrested a Jewish Communist leader for aiding Jews fleeing anti-Semitism as the flight of refugees westward continued at a record rate. At the same time, the Communist Party ordered the nationalization of the Soviet zone's last strongheld of private enterprise.

West Berlin Socialists said Bruno Wolf, Jewish Chairman of the Central Committee's Education and Religious Affairs Department, was arrested for allegedly covering the flight to the West of all of East Germany's seven Jewish communal leaders.

The exact number of persons arrested in the growing East German purge is unknown, for the Communists rarely announce arrests, but the number is believed to run into hundreds.

Meanwhile, the Communist Party's press service said today that investigations had uncovered "enemies" in the Trade and Supply Ministry and that "enemy capitalist elements" engaged in trade. The party newspaper "Neues Deutschland" said "capitalist exploiters" in agriculture were attempting to sabotage the spring harvest. This indicated many trade officials, private businessmen and "big farmers" have been arrested in the drive to eradicate private holdings in trade and agriculture.

The party's Politburo today ordered the "eradication" of all capitalist influences in wholesale trade — last stronghold of free enterprise in East Germany — and a drive to place all retail trade under government supervision. At present all wholesale businesses are privately owned and 40 per cent of retail trade is in private hands. Private-owned factories produce only one-fourth of Soviet industrial output.

West Berlin can no longer bear alone the refugee burden, Mayor Ernst Reuter said today. He said that Berlin was "a beacon of freedom" for those in the Soviet zone and was threatened with being swamped by refugees from the East.

He told a meeting in the Reichstag that the refugees had already added 60,000 to the number of unemployed.

The West German Finance Ministry has allocated 90m. deutsche marks (about $21.5m.) for emergency housing for refugees streaming from West Berlin.

At present from 300 to 400 East Germans who have sought asylum in West Berlin are flown to the interior. Thirty-thousand refugees are jammed into 74 camps and another 100,000 have settled in the city since 1949.

Soviet Press Recalls 1935 'Doctor Plot'

LONDON, Sunday. — Almost all Soviet organs today rehashed the 1935 "murder by doctors" of the old Bolshevik Valerian Kuibyshev and sharply reminded the Russian people of the need for wiping out any feeling of complacency about opposition to the Stalin regime.

Moscow Radio broadcast excerpts from editorials in "Pravda," "Izvestia," "Red Star" and several other publications, all eulogising Kuibyshev and pointedly mentioning his death in the same breath as they lashed out at the current so-called doctors' conspiracy which appears the start of a new great purge in the Soviet Union.

This, together with allegations that the nine physicians arrested recently were "paid Anglo-American agents and poisoners," was the theme of both articles and memorial meetings marking the 18th anniversary of Kuibyshev's death.

"Base murderers hiding behind the mask of doctors killed Kuibyshev by deliberate wrong treatment," the Army paper "Red Star" wrote. "This black deed was carried out on instructions from the enemies of the USSR — foreign Imperialists who are waging subversive activity against our country and are sending into our rear spies and agents belonging to hostile governments... The doctor poisoners unmasked recently, who are continuing the base deed of their predecessors, were striving to cut short the life of active leaders of the USSR by wrong treatment. Their victims were A. Zhdanov and A. Shcherbakov."

No New Charges

The papers made no new charges. They did not say that the present group of doctors were directly tied up with Drs. Levin and Pletnev, who along with G.P.U. Chief Yagoda were accused in 1938 of deliberately killing by malpractice not only Kuibyshev but Maxim Gorki and V.R. Menzhinsky.

"Pravda" lauded Kuibyshev as an "outstanding revolutionary of the Lenin-Stalin school" and said his wonderful life was "broken off in the prime of his creative forces. The bright image of Kuibyshev, who fell victim to the offcasts of mankind — doctor-poisoners, — again reminds the Soviet people of the necessity of raising political vigilance by every means, to eradicate completely inattentiveness and complacency."

In the great purge of the late 1930's the doctors who were alleged to have brought about Gorki's death were supposedly part of the so-called Trotsky-Bukharin conspiracy. Trotsky was said to have been allied with Nazi Germany and Japan.

Trotsky was murdered in his Mexico refuge. Bukharin, the Bolshevik theoretician, confessed in the mass trials to plotting against the Soviet Union and was executed.

The Soviet press also gave prominence to a report from Tel Aviv headlined, "U.S. recruiting Israel soldiers for aggression in Korea." The dispatch quoted "Kol Ha'am" to the effect that American agents were distributing leaflets in Jerusalem saying: "Young men, demobilized soldiers and unemployed: There is only one war — voluntary participation in the war in Korea against the Communists rather than death of hunger here." (AP, UP)

RUSSIAN 'FAGIN' HAS JEWISH NAME

NEW YORK, Sunday (INA). — The Moscow correspondent of the "New York Times" reported today that the Communist youth paper, "Komsomolskaya Pravda," quoted the case of a blind "Fagin," named Alexander Lazarevich Cohen, who persuaded orphan boys from a Moscow Children's Institute to lead him around and carry out his commands.

The paper said that Cohen claimed to be a World War II victim and received 21,000 rubles compensation from the Government because of his blindness.

Russians Arrest 42 East German Railwaymen

BERLIN, Sunday (UP). — Soviet secret police have arrested 42 employees of the Blue Express train which runs between East Berlin and Moscow. They are to be tried for espionage, a fugitive railway worker said today.

Soviet Unit Mutinies In E. German Barracks

BERLIN, Sunday (UP). — Soviet occupation soldiers mutinied at an East German barracks and threatened to kill their officers, the anti-Communist "Information Bureau West" reported today. It said the mutiny was suppressed by a special unit of the M.V.D. secret police which arrested the ringleaders.

The mutiny was said to have taken place on January 12 in the barracks at Naumburg after a soldier, in a quarrel with the sergeant beat the latter to death. The whole garrison then threatened to kill their officers when attempts were made to arrest the soldier.

Goldmann Coming Here from Bonn

NEW YORK, Sunday (UP). — Dr. Nahum Goldmann, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive in New York, announced yesterday that an "urgent conference" on the Soviet anti-Zionist campaign is to be held in Jerusalem this week.

As he left here by plane for Europe on his way to Israel, Dr. Goldmann said the conference would bring together Israel Cabinet members and officials of the Zionist Organization.

On his way, Dr. Goldmann, who is President of the Conference on Jewish Material Claims against Germany, will visit Bonn to discuss the reparations agreement with Chancellor Adenauer and West German officials.

Stresses Gravity

Of the Jerusalem meeting, Dr. Goldmann said, "The latest events behind the iron curtain carry implications of a most grave nature for the large surviving remnant of the Jews in Europe... Jewish leadership throughout the world is deliberating on steps that may be taken to arrest this campaign... The Jewish Agency, at a meeting here last Friday, decided that I should consider this emergency with the Israel Cabinet."

The Agency has meanwhile made public a survey of East German press opinion which shows that the East German government is engaged in a last-ditch campaign against the Bonn reparations settlement. It said that its policy aims to curry favour with Nazi and other anti-Semitic elements in Germany and also to woo the Arab states, particularly Egypt, with offers of trade.

The report said that East German government representatives hinted that they were prepared to sell $14m. worth of goods to Egypt and buy like amounts of hides, cotton and other commodities.

AGENCY DISCUSSIONS

Jerusalem POST Reporter

The possibility of holding a meeting of representatives of World Jewish organizations — Zionist as well as non-Zionist — to discuss the anti-Jewish campaign in East Europe, is being considered by the Jewish Agency Executive, it was learned yesterday in Jerusalem.

A definite decision will be made only after the arrival here of Dr. Nahum Goldmann later this week. It is believed that Dr. Goldmann has already broached the matter with a number of Jewish leaders in the U.S.

MAPAM TO DISCUSS SNEH'S STAND

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Central Committee of Mapam is to hold its regular weekly meeting tomorrow. It is expected to deal with the reply of Dr. Moshe Sneh to the committee's demand that he hand back his Knesset mandate and disband his recently-formed "Left Brigade." Dr. Sneh was given until tonight to obey the committee's instructions.

Moscow Anti-Semitism Shows Preparation for War—Sharett

LONDON, Sunday (INA). — "The anti-Semitic and anti-Zionist policy of Moscow can be taken as a clear indication that the Communist leaders have entered a new stage in preparing their countries for war," Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett declared in an interview with the Tel Aviv correspondent of "The Sunday Times" published today.

The Foreign Minister said, "The recent purges and anti-Semitic outbursts are a process of blood-letting inside the Soviet system with the aim of strengthening it for war.

"Its purpose is to make clear to all the peoples of the Soviet Union, as well as the satellites, that the Communist system cannot tolerate any group within its midst which forms part of a world-wide unit. The Jewish people are singled out as an example to show that even a spiritual allegiance is not permissible at a time when the Soviet Union is preparing itself for the next war.

"For the first time since the creation of the State of Israel, its people fear that war with Russia is nearer and more of a menace than a second round with the Arab states. This danger has aroused greater interest in moves towards the creation of a Middle East Defence Organization and the consolidation of Western defence in the area. It is realised that Israel, with 1,500,000 population, is a much smaller asset than the Arab countries with their 40 million.

"There is therefore no resentment at overtures made by the United Kingdom towards coaxing the Arab states into a defence system without making any direct approach to Israel. In fact, however, that Britain and the U.S. could prepare for Israel's entry into a defence organization by discussing economic and military aid to prepare the country for any eventuality. Important strategic investments, such as roads, ports and airfields could be carried out immediately."

Mr. Sharett said, "It will be difficult for Britain and the U.S. to carry out their strategic plans in cooperation with the Arab states only. The Arabs, now as in the past, are sitting on the fence. Their calculations are based on the assumption that they have everything to gain and nothing to lose by waiting."

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Social & Personal

President Ben-Zvi yesterday received Foreign Minister Sharett and Mr. Norman Jacobs, head of the Joint Israel Appeal in England.

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Dr. Moshe Smoira, President of the Supreme Court, who suffered a mild stroke early last week, is making slow progress toward recovery.

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Mr. Ze'ev Sharef, Secretary to the Government, returned by Air France during the week-end from a tour of inspection of Israel diplomatic representations abroad in connection with restrictions of personnel and increased efficiency in Government departments.

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Dr. M.B. Hexter, member of the Jewish Agency Executive from 1929 to 1938, and now director of the Federation of Jewish Charities in New York City, was the guest of honour at a reception given yesterday in Jerusalem by the Executive. Mr. Berl Locker, Chairman of the Executive in Jerusalem, greeted Dr. Hexter. Among the guests were Mrs. A. Ruppin and Dr. Devora Kaplan, and Dr. Hexter in his reply paid tribute to Dr. A. Ruppin and Mr. E. Kaplan, as well as Mr. H. Arlosoroff with whom he had sat on the Executive.

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Mr. Mordecai (Max) Nurock has arrived for a brief visit before taking up his appointment as Minister to Australia.

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"The Story of a Prince," based on Avraham Goldfaden's play, was presented by Habimah last night. It was adapted and produced by David Licht.

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A lecture (in Hebrew) on "UNO Problems in the Economic Field" will be given by Mr. S. Ginossar, member of the Israel Delegation to the General Assembly of the U.N., at the Israel Touring Club in Jerusalem at 8.30 tonight. Tourists and members of the Club, as well as members of the Israel Association for the United Nations are invited.

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Dr. Albert G. Black, chief of the F.A.O. mission to Israel, will lecture on "Shall We Have Enough Food?" at 8.30 this evening, at the U.S. Information Centre, 20 Rehov Bialik, Tel Aviv, under the auspices of the Association of U.S. University Alumni.

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The Tel Aviv Municipality's Dov Hos Prize will be distributed at the Levinsky School, 159 Rehov Ben Yehuda at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening, and not at the place and time previously announced.

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BIRTH

NEWMAN.—To Renee (nee Crane), wife of Aryeh Newman, on January 24, 1953 at the Hadassah Hospital, Jerusalem — a daughter, Ilana.

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Unveiling of Tombstone

The unveiling of a tombstone over the grave of Moshe Conen, an editor of "Ha'olam," the weekly publication of the Zionist Organization, who died a year ago, will be held tomorrow at the Givat Shaul cemetery in Jerusalem. A special bus will leave from the Jewish Agency Building at 3 p.m.

1st Local Health Centre Opened at Bet Mazmil

The first Local Health Centre in Israel was opened recently at Bet Mazmil, near Jerusalem, under the auspices of the Hadassah Medical Organization.

The Centre, which is to serve the quarter's almost 2,000 residents, is staffed by three permanent doctors, four nurses, two hygiene instructors, a psychiatric social worker, a social worker and an administrative clerk. Specialists are to visit the Centre at fixed intervals. *(Itim.)*

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Reiach, 6 Strauss, 2911. Lyons, Jaffa-Nablus Rds., 4895. TEL AVIV: Kotberg, 23 Allenby, 3166. Ahad Ha'am, 51 Ahad Ha'am, 3651. Bilski, Dizengoff Sq. 42641. Yudis, 172 Ben Yehuda, 64543. Baruch, Hashkva Qr., 67421. Trafo (Jaffa) 189 Rehov 4, 60131. RAMAT GAN: Lilenbaum, 19 Herzl. GIVATAYIM: Mandelzis, Bourchov Qr. HAIFA: Nadav, 31 Joseph, 2344. Mayer, Gardens, 17 Gruner Colony, 6733. KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Mendels, 7282.

Budget is Instrument Of Economic Planning

By Our Economic Correspondent

THE survey of planning-methods given by Mr. Galtskell in three lectures in Jerusalem can serve as a timely reminder for economists here of the need to review the development of economic policy during the last few years.

The Government started with a firm belief in economic planning which found its expression in an assignment for Mr. Galston to draw up a four-year development plan. The report was duly delivered and widely discussed but not implemented, mainly because the flood of immigration left neither time nor money for long-range planning. Then physical controls first introduced during the war by the British were widened so as to grow soon into an all-embracing system of price-control, coupled with the licensing and allocation of raw materials and foreign currency.

When this system proved expensive as well as inefficient, pressure was brought to bear on the Government to dismantle controls and this is now being done.

It is often forgotten that the network of physical controls does not in itself constitute economic planning; it is only one of the devices to that end and will not in itself ensure a systematic use of our resources. On the other hand, one of the main instruments of economic planning and guidance has not been used to full advantage and dangerous results have made themselves felt during the last few weeks. It is a plain fact that the country's budget has not been adequately worked out.

As Mr. Galtskell pointed out in his lectures, the theory and practice of planning by budget control were perfected in Britain after the war. Here we have a sensitive instrument which can, if properly used, influence economic development by determining not only the extent of taxation but also the use to which taxes will be put and which will moreover encourage or discourage investments, savings, and so on. The part of economic planning has been almost completely neglected in Israel. Budgets have been drawn up at the last moment giving the Knesset no opportunity to study them properly, and they were not adequately related to an overall economic policy.

During the last year the fluctuation of prices, the rapid changes in income and production costs made estimates of Government revenue even more haphazard than before deflation began. The result is there for all to see: the Government is unable fully to meet its obligations, and even the payment of salaries has to be delayed and staggered.

We had better face the sad truth that we lack reliable material for genuine budgeting. The proof is to be found in the statements of the Minister of Finance during the last few months, when on several occasions he mentioned budget-deficits which differed by many millions, from the estimates. This is probably not due to carelessness but simply to the fact that the necessary material is not ready in time. During the last few years, it has been urged in these columns more than once that the Ministry of Finance should give regular weekly or at least monthly reports on the country's financial position. This would have made the position clear, would have served as a warning to the Government as well as to the public that revenue fell short of estimates and would have given support to the demand for retrenchment.

Realistic Estimates

It must be admitted that things have gone so far that no quick remedy can be expected. The deficit in the Government budget is not accidental; it is the result of overspending and underproduction. We can not hope that the new coalition and decontrol alone will mend things and mend things quickly. What we need first of all is a realistic survey of the position, and the Minister of Finance will have an opportunity of giving such a survey when he faces the Knesset on Tuesday. The next step will have to be the drafting of a realistic budget.

Everything, of course, depends on the question whether the Minister of Finance and the Government statisticians are prepared for this supremely important task. If they are not, the use of the budget as an instrument of planning will remain a pious wish.

REVIEW OF YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Gruenbaum Condemns Moscow Libel as "Anti-Semitism"

In "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) Mr. Y. Gruenbaum speaks out against Moscow anti-Semitism, which indicates, according to him, a new stage in the cold war. He warns of "hysterical reaction" and calls upon the State of Israel and the Jewish people to take a stand of absolute neutrality between the rival blocs in world politics.

According to some press reports, the article was ready for publication as long as a week ago, but was held up by "Al Hamishmar" because of its sharp criticism against Soviet Russia, and it is reported that Mr. Gruenbaum was asked to mitigate some expressions. The Editor of "Al Hamishmar" emphasizes in an introductory note that Mr. Gruenbaum is expressing his private views, in his column, but that the paper agrees wholeheartedly with his appeal against hysteria and in favour of Israel's neutrality.

In his article, Mr. Gruenbaum says that the allegations against the Jewish physicians are absurd and compares them with medieval blood-libels. He refutes the claims of Jewish Communists that there is no anti-Semitism behind the allegations. For some years Jews have not been mentioned at all in Soviet Russia; all expressions of Jewish cultural and national life have disappeared; and now suddenly Jewish names are appearing prominently — but as abominable murderers, and World Jewry is represented, not by Communists but by "Wall Street capitalists" — Mr. Gruenbaum remarks.

Sneh Denies Anti-Semitism

"Kol Ha'am" (Communist) meanwhile prominently features the speech of Mr. Gruenbaum's best-known disciple, Dr. M. Sneh, at a Lenin memorial meeting: Sneh emphatically denies that there is any anti-Semitism in Soviet Russia. He recalls the fact that a Jewish girl (Deborah Kaplan) had in 1918 attempted to kill Lenin, but nobody had dared at the time to decry her punishment as "anti-Semitism." Quoting Lenin, Dr. Sneh pointed out that a party which includes both supporters and opponents of Marxism, "sincere revolutionaries" and "opportunists," is unable to lead the workers towards victory, which can be brought about only by a party "of a new type," free from "the dangerous bacillus of bourgeois nationalism." This passage was omitted in "Al Hamishmar's" report of the speech. That paper explains the conspicuous absence of Mr. M. Bentov, M.K., who was scheduled as speaker on behalf of the Mapam majority faction, with a "throat ailment."

"Haboker" (General Zionist) criticizes the enthusiasm of the Foreign Minister, Mr. M. Sharett, towards Asian Socialism, which, according to the paper, is a futile illusion almost to the same degree as Mapam's pro-Communist ardour. The paper recalls that Social Democracy has disappointed Mapai's hopes in the past more than once, and mentions in this connection the anti-Zionist policy of British Labour leaders, such as Lord Passfield and Mr. Bevin, and the opposition of Austrian Socialists to reparations.

"Hakol" (Agudat Israel) draws an extremely sombre picture of Israel's political situation. In case of an Arab "second round," which according to the paper is a possibility, the Arab armies will be much stronger than in the War of Independence, while the Soviet bloc will this time support the Arabs rather than Israel, the Western Powers will keep neutral, the paper prophesies; but adds that Israel foreign policy is not to be blamed, but "Jewish historical fate."

"Herut," on the other hand, asks once more for an "activist" policy against the Arab states. Most of the paper is devoted to the memory of Israel Epstein, staff officer of the Irgun Zvai Leumi, who was killed in 1948 in Rome; and who will be buried today in Tel Aviv.

"Ha'aretz" (Independent) says that the State and national institutions should not bear the huge expenses connected with the separation of rival Ein Harod factions.

"Fatherless" Settlements

"Davar" (Histadrut) deals in its leading article with the difficulties of certain settlements, such as Chalsa in the North and Kfar Yeruham in the Negev, which have no sound economic basis and are "fatherless," since no one authority is responsible for their development.

"Omer" (Histadrut) welcomes the decision of the Jewish Agency to increase immigration from North Africa, but stresses that the percentage of productive elements among the new immigrants should be as high as possible.

"Hatzofe" (Mizrahi) calls for support for the newly-founded "Centre for Religious Education" and says that only in the framework of State education it will be possible to strengthen religious influence on the young generation, and not by the establishment of privately financed separate schools, as proposed by Agudat Israel circles.

"Hamodia" (Agudat Israel) urges Hapoel Hamizrahi to take a more resolute stand on the pork issue.

Group Set To Float Bonds in Canada

MONTREAL, Sunday.—Canada-Israel Securities, Ltd., the group formed to float Israel bonds in Canada, will be headed by Mr. Samuel Bronfman, of Montreal and Mr. Edward E. Gelber of Toronto.

The bond issue, which will be run on lines similar to that in the U.S. follows special arrangements made between the Israel Government and the National Conference for Israel and Jewish Rehabilitation here.

DISTRICT COURT OF HAIFA
P.B. 8/53

In the matter of Leonard Herbert Dolman of Portsmouth (England), deceased, and in the matter of Mrs. Leila Winifred Dolman of Portsmouth (England), represented by Dr. R. Gottschalk, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, 36 Ibn Sinai St., Haifa.

NOTICE is hereby given that after eight days from the publication hereof, an application will be heard in the District Court of Haifa for the sealing of the probate of the will of Leonard Herbert Dolman, deceased, granted by the British High Court of Justice (Probate Division) at London on the 13th November 1952.

(Sgd.) S. HAZI—Registrar
January 19, 1953

Civil Case No. 218/52.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF HAIFA

Plaintiff: Mikhail Farah of Nazareth.
Defendants: 1. Sim'an Mikhail Farah.
2. Samih Mikhail Farah.
3. Basim Mikhail Farah.
4. Alfred Emil Farah for and on behalf of the estate of his late father Dr. Emil Farah.
5. Custodian for Absentees Property.

To: 1. Sim'an Mikhail Farah, believed to be residing in Irbid, Jordan.
2. Samih Mikhail Farah, believed to be residing in Beirut, Lebanon.
3. Alfred Emil Farah, believed to be residing in Beirut, Lebanon.

Take Notice that Mikhail Farah of Nazareth has commenced an action against you in the District Court at Haifa asking for a judgment declaring him to be the rightful owner of the properties which are registered in the Urban Tax Registers of Nazareth under Block No. 18503, Parcels 139 and 194/B and Block No. 18514, Parcels 2/361 and 4/241.

And you are required within 30 days from date hereof to defend the said action, by causing an appearance to be entered for you and a defence filed in the said Court to the said action; and in default of your so doing, the said Mikhail Farah may proceed therein, and judgment may be given in your absence.

You may appear to the said summons by entering an appearance personally or by your advocate.

S. HAZI, Registrar,
District Court, Haifa.

Date this 18th day of January, 1953.

Stoke City Shock West Bromwich

By AKIVA KALMAN

Stoke City, who have lain in the relegation zone of the First Division of the English Football League for the best part of the season, surprised fans on Saturday by slamming League leaders, West Bromwich Albion, 5-1. This gave the City only their seventh win this season.

The Albion were joined in first place by Sunderland, who drew one-all at home with Blackpool. Burnley, who were held to a goalless draw at home by Cardiff City, and Wolverhampton Wanderers, who beat Derby County 3-1 in a home fixture, share third place. Arsenal, who drew at the "Den" with Charlton Athletic, 2-2, moved down to fifth place.

Other relegation zone side Manchester City also slammed home a fine victory in beating Middlesbrough 5-1, so that Chelsea, despite their fine effort of holding Aston Villa to a one-all draw at Birmingham, went down to the foot of the table on goal average behind the City. In what might be a Cup Final rehearsal, Preston North End beat the Cup holders, Newcastle United, 2-1, while Tottenham Hotspur gained a home win by the same margin over the sharp Sheffield Wednesday set-up.

Sheffield United, leading the Second Division with 43 points three points in front of Huddersfield Town, won 3-0 over the bottom club Barnsley, Middlesbrough beat Lincoln City, 5-1. The Town have two games in hand and can overtake the "Blades" in the championship race. Luton Town moved into third place spot with 34 points, following a 1-0 win at West Ham, and are followed, one point behind, by Leicester City and Birmingham who fought out a 3-3 result in favour of the latter.

Bristol Rovers' bid to break the English League record of more than 14 consecutive wins was stopped when they were surprisingly held to a 1-1 draw at home by Millwall. They lead the Third Division (South) by a large margin, with 43 points. Their town-mates, Bristol City, took over second place with 38 points, after a fine 3-1 away victory at Crystal Palace. Holding the same number of points, next in line, are Northampton Town, who drew 1-1 at Brighton. There was also a surprise in the Third Division (North) when leaders Oldham Athletic were beaten 4-3 at Barrow, particularly as they were leading 2-1 at half-time. Their nearest rivals, Grimsby Town, who are a three points behind and have played one more game, meanwhile swamped Mansfield Town 5-1 at home.

Scottish Cup

Most of the Scottish League First Round Cup games went as expected. Hibernian beat Stenhousemuir, 8-1, while Airdrieonians won by a similar margin, but away, against Leith Athletic. Celtic beat Dunfermline 4-0 away with McGrory netting all four goals, and Glasgow Rangers also win 4-0 away over Stranraer. Division B leaders, East Fife, also had their "abnition boots" on in defeating Vale of Leithen 7-1. Brechin City took the honours by holding St. Johnstone to a one-all draw at Muirton Park, Perth, the home side's ground and Clyde beat Queen of the South 4-2 away from home. Berwick Athletic who drew 3-3 at home against Dundee United.

The Second Round of the English F.A. Amateur Cup featured the only draw of 16 games when Clapton Orient, Walthamstow Avenue, were held at home to a draw by Wealdstone. Two of their men were injured, however. The Avenue, the only amateur side left in the big event, travel to face Manchester United in the F.A. Cup 3rd round next week. The biggest surprise was the defeat of Hackney Town, who also did well this year in the "big event," by the Corinthian Casuals by the large margin of 4-1. Pegasus, one of the oldest English teams, comprised of Oxford and Cambridge University men, beat Cockfield's, 6-0, while Bishop Auckland beat at Southall, 2-0.

JERUSALEM CINEMAS

As 6.30 & 8.30 p.m.

ARNON: Bird of Paradise.
EDEN: An American in Paris.
EDISON: Bright Victory (6.30 p.m. only).
OR-GIL: The Tanks are Coming.
ORION: Belles on Their Toes.
ORNA: Son of Ali Baba.
STUDIO: Sons of Scheherazade.
ZION: No Man of Her Own.

DISTRICT COURT OF HAIFA
P.B. 435/52

In the matter of the late Herman KARGER of Haifa.

PETITIONER: Hedwig Karger nee Zweig of Haifa.

SUMMONS:—Let all persons take notice that Hedwig Karger, nee Zweig, has applied to the District Court of Haifa for an order declaring the succession of the late Herman Karger and that the said application will be heard on February 11, 1953 at 10 a.m.

All persons claiming interest must appear at the said place on the said date, otherwise such order will be given as to the Court seems right.

(Sgd.) S. HAZI—Registrar.
January 16, 1953.

DISTRICT COURT OF HAIFA
P.B. 19/53

In the matter of the late Pesa (Pauline) GREEN, nee Katz, died at Johannesburg, South Africa on 11.7.50.

PETITIONER: Micha Green of Johannesburg

SUMMONS:—Let all persons take notice that Micha Green has applied to the District Court of Haifa for an order declaring the succession of the late Pesa (Pauline) Green, nee Katz, and that the said application will be heard on February 16, 1953 at 10 a.m.

All persons claiming interest must appear at the said place on the said date, otherwise such order will be given as to the Court seems right.

(Sgd.) S. HAZI—Registrar.
January 19, 1953.

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Notices to the Public

INDEPENDENCE DAY POSTAGE STAMPS

The Postmaster General announces that on February 15, 1953, the sale of 1952 Independence Day Postage Stamps of denominations 30, 60 and 110 pruta will terminate at all Post Offices.

These stamps will be sold at Post Offices as far as they are available, until the above date.

The stamps, as far as they are available, will be sold at the Philatelic Service of the Israel Post Office until Sunday, March 1, 1953 inclusive.

These stamps will remain valid and can be used legally as postage stamps.

STOCK MARKET
TEL AVIV

JAN. 25.		Rise or Fall
Govt. Loan		
5%—1953 (reg.)	100	—
—1955 (reg.)	100½	—
—1956 (reg.)	101	—
Pop. Loan		
1949/59 (IL.10)	102	—
1950/75 (IL.10)	97	—
3½% Tawni Dollar	199½	+7½
3% Nat. Loan (large)	270	+1(4½)
6 Loans Ord. sh.	230	—
A.P.B. Invest.		
4% Debs. 50/70	94½	—
4½% Pref. sh.	96	—
Ord. sh. "B"	117½	—
Gen. Mortg. Bds.		
4% Debs. 48/63	85	—
4% Pref. sh.	81½	—
Bezer Debs.		
4% 46/62	91½	—
4% 56/65	69	—
4½% 52/66 reg.	83	—
Nir Ltd.		
4% Debs. 59/59	88	—
7% Pref sh.	89½	—
Pass Debs.		
4% 42/62	81½	—
P.L.D.C.		
Ord. sh.	180½	+1½
5% Debs.	107	—
Ati-Pal. Inv. Ord. sh.	135½	—
Rassco		
4% Debs. 56/63	70	—½
6% Pref. Ord. sh.	89½	—
Pal. Potash 6% Pref. sh.	153½	—
— "A" Ord. sh.	9.2	+1
Pal. Elec. Ord. sh. (Inv.)	153	—
Mekoroth Pref. sh.	65½	—
Ata 6% "C" Pref. sh.	90	—½
Ord. "B" sh.	131½	+1½
"Gordonia" Ord. "B" sh.	130½	+1½
Assis-Beiz "B" sh.	370	—
"Teva" Ord. sh.	97.2	—
Nesher 6% Debs.	100½	—
Lodzia 4½% Pref. sh.	58½	—1
S.A. Steyen Ord. sh.	90	—
Pal. Centr. Tr.	79½	—
Pal. Bearer Bd.		
Ser. 1	67	—
Ser. 2	67	—
Ser. 3	68	—

Notes: a) purchasing prices; b) selling prices; c) ex coupon; d) ex rights.

SUMMONS

In the Magistrate's Court of Jerusalem.
Civil Case No. 937/52

Rachel Bachman v. Bruce Jacobson, formerly of Bet Hamaalot, Jerusalem, whose whereabouts are unknown.

Whereas the Plaintiff, Rachel Bachman, has filed an action for eviction against you upon the claim set out in the statement of claim, a copy of which with summonses has been left in the Registry of this Court for you, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court to answer the said claim on the 27th day of March, 1953 at 8.30 a.m. and also within six months from the date of publication of this summons in the Jerusalem POST, to file in the Registry of this Court a written defence to the said claim and to serve a copy thereof upon the Plaintiff or her address of service.

Take notice that in the default of your so doing the Plaintiff may proceed thereto and judgment may be given in your absence.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1953.

(—) E. Mack,
MAGISTRATE.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

9-6: Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: Romema, Bus 15. Feeding time: 2-3 p.m.
9.30-12.30; 2-6: American Library and Reading Room, U.S. Consulate, Manilla Road Terrace Prem.
9-1; 2-5: Exhibition: Old Paintings and Drawings by Betzalel Schatz. Lithographs by Honore Daumier (1808-1879), graciously donated by Mr. W. G. R. Allen of Boston, U.S.A. Recent Israel Prints, new acquisitions. Exhibit of the months "Our Lady of Tenderness." Rare ivories, 15th Century, from the collection of the National Museum, Betzalel.
9-6: Archaeological Exhibition, Dept. of Antiquities. Also Temporary exhibition—Recent acquisitions: 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech.
10-5: Sacharin Tombs.
10-1; 4-6: Avigdor Arikha — Oil Paintings & Drawings. Izrael Wexler — Oil paintings and Gouaches. Artists House.
11-1; 3-5: Film Show at Karen Hayesod Head Office.
10 a.m.-1 p.m. and 4-7 p.m.: The British Social Services Book Exhibition of the British Council. Open to the public. Y.M.C.A. Lecture Hall.
Chaim Weizmann: Zionist Central Archives. Exhibition in memory of Dr. Chaim Weizmann. Zionist Central Archives. Entrance from 3 Rehov Ibn Gabirol, Yard, Rehavia.
9 p.m.: "Li-La-Lo" Theatre, Edison.

TEL AVIV

8 p.m.: "Saint Joan." Chamber Theatre: Mograbi Hall. All tickets sold.
10-4: Memorial exhibition of the artist, Menahem Shemi (Schmidt): Exhibition of Chinese and Japanese art, from a collection of Mr. Nahari. Museum.

HAIFA

4-7 p.m.: Exhibition of paintings by Weizmann, Kurt, Nassatzki Artists' House, 32 Rehov Usse. (opp. Carmelis Court).
8.30 p.m.: Latin-American Ballet, Armon Theatre.
8 p.m.: Concert, long playing records. Schubert: The Great Symphony. Privater House.

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ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 427 M.; HAIFA: 249 M.; TEL AVIV: 43.8, 31.3 & 327 M.

FIRST PROGRAMME

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 7.30, 12.00, 1.30, 6.15, 6.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme: (including News): 8 a.m., 1.15 & 6.15 p.m.
6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercise. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 8.30 Close Down.
10.30 a.m. Music While You Work (R). 11.00 Request (R). 11.40 Housewives' Corner (R). 12.05 Programme for Hospitals (R). 12.30 Concert Hall: Allegro Maestoso for Strings (John Peter); Piano Concerto (Mozart); Symphony No. 4 (David Diamond). 1.45 Programme Announcements. 1.55 Break for Music (R). 3.15 Close Down.
4.00 p.m. Variety (R). 4.30 Musical Miniatures (R). 5.00 Piano Recital: Nahum Shalman. 5.30 Child's Corner. 5.45 Children's Hour. 7.00 Variety. 7.07 Programme Announcements. 7.10 Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Simon Midnyk: Prelude (Debussy); Symphonie Espagnole (Lalo); Overture "The Puppet Show" (Fellus). 8.45 Talk. 8.50 "Words and Tunes." 9.24 Book Reading. 9.45 Answer to the Citizen. 9.50 Curtain Up. 9.52 Music (R). 9.45 Bertah George Singer & Arieh Sedna. 10.10 Folk Songs. 10.35 Matinee. 11.05 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

463, 236, 216, 43.9 M.
English News: 1.45 p.m. 10.10 p.m.
4.00 p.m. Works by Handel (R). 4.45 Message to Newcomers. 5.00 Programme for Youngsters. 5.30 Piano Duet Improvs. 5.50 Music (R). 6.15 Close Down.

IMM'GRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 31.9 & 468 M.): French: 6.30 p.m. Ladino: 7.00 p.m. Yiddish: 7.30 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): 11.15 News. 11.30 Kol Yisrael Orchestra. 11.50 "Heard and Read."

ARMY PROGRAMME: (44.6, 216, 229 & 229 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Revival. 7.00 Requests. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 "The Soldier as the Civilian." 8.00 Melodies. 8.30 News. 8.45 Works by Mozart & Schubert. 10.00 Close Down.

VOICE OF AMERICA: Hebrew Programme: 4-4.30 p.m. (13, 16, 25 M.); Agricultural Today.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCAST: 24.92 & 30.51 M.): 6.30-7.00 p.m. News Review. Talk. Press Review.

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THE HEBREW NATIONAL
OPERA
TEL AVIV — Habimah
Tomorrow, Jan. 27 — 8 p.m.
Khovanchina
Musical Drama in 5 Acts
By M. MOUSSORGSKY
(Orchestrated by N. A. RIMSKY-KORSAKOV)
Participants:
EDIS DE PHILIPPE
D. Dvora, Z. Cohen, D. Helperin, Dan-Tudor, J. Pollak, O. Kish, M. Savon, S. Segal, A. Manelli, S. Rosenblat, Ben Schachar, M. Hoch, M. Kaddish, E. David, and mixed choir and ballet.
Conductor: M. GOLINKIN
Tickets: Sefi's, 67 Allenby, Tel Aviv and at the Habimah box-office.

Theatron Musicali
"MY SISTER AND I"
Musical Comedy by RALPH BENATZKI
First Performance
Tomorrow, Jan. 27
"OHEL SHEM", TEL AVIV
Thursday, Jan. 29,
"NOGA", GIVATAIM

STUDIO
ELISHEVA MONA
presents:
Thursday, January 29, 1953
8.30 p.m.
OHEL HALL, Tel Aviv.
ISRAEL PREMIERE
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Music by Delibes
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USSR Fulfils 1952 Plan, But Some Industries Lag

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — The USSR fulfilled its overall production by 101 per cent last year, according to a TASS report received here. It said that the timber, fisheries, heavy machinery, agricultural machinery and building materials industries fell short of the targets set them.

Czechoslovakia's 1952 sugar beet harvest was the worst for over 30 years, according to the latest issue of "Rude Pravo," organ of the Czech Communist Party.

House Body to Probe US Communists in Education

WASHINGTON, Sunday (Reuter). — The new House Un-American Activities Committee will hold its first hearings in the next few weeks to study "several" people who were once Communists while teaching at universities.

Committee Chairman Harold Velde (Republican, Illinois) told reporters the Committee had decided to push investigation in the fields of education, trade unions, entertainment and Government service.

Increased Yields From Abandoned Citrus Groves

POST Correspondent

Yields from the Arab orange groves supervised by the Custodian of Abandoned Property have increased considerably since their almost total neglect during the war in 1948/49. The yield this year is expected to be 1,500,000 cases.

The Custodian is supervising and cultivating one-third of the total of 112,000 dunams of Arab groves in Israel.

The remaining area is not cultivated for a variety of reasons —some orchards were in a state of neglect during the Mandatory period, and their present cultivation would be non-profitable; other areas are not cultivated because of lack of equipment, in particular irrigation pipes. A large percentage of the groves is situated in the town planning areas of Tel Aviv-Jaffa, which are now being rapidly built up.

Revival of the cultivation of these groves began as early as 1949 and faced great difficulties. A total of 288 pumping stations have been built or were completely rebuilt and overhauled. To increase the water resources the Custodian has dug five new wells and ordered the necessary modern equipment for them. These orchards have been an important factor in lessening unemployment in the country, particularly during the summer months. In 1951 there were 320,000 working days and during the 51-52 picking season another 255,000 working days.

In order to secure the necessary saplings for the rehabilitation of old groves and the planting of in-between areas, two tree nurseries with a capacity of 900,000 saplings have been opened.

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	98	3	4	8
Tiberias	93	9	13	16
Haifa Port	85	9	10	18
Nathanya	89	5	17	18
Tel Aviv Port	74	10	15	18
Lydda Air Port	73	3	14	19
Jerusalem	92	4	8	10
Beersheba	96	3	11	20
Eilath	—	4	19	21

FORECAST: Partly Cloudy with local showers.

*A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday. D) Maxim. temp. expected today.

* * *

A 12-YEAR-OLD Bedouin boy was seriously injured on Saturday after explosive matter he had found somewhere in the Negev went off while he was playing with it. The boy was taken to the Beersheba Hadassah Hospital in a critical condition.

* * *

ITZHAK GONDI, 62, of Jaffa, who caused the death of his 72-year-old mother-in-law Tova Ya'acovi, when she dropped dead after he had hit her during a violent quarrel in December, 1951, was found guilty by the Tel Aviv Court yesterday. The Court withheld sentence until Friday by which time it will be determined whether the accused is physically fit to serve a prison term.

* * *

LEVI MOYAL, 18, of Tel Aviv, was sentenced to a year's imprisonment by the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court yesterday on charges of swallowing hashish when he was brought to the Jaffa prison last December to serve time for another crime. He took the drug to prevent its discovery in his cell.

* * *

MARLUF LEVI, 19, and a 17-year-old youth, both of Tel Aviv, were yesterday sentenced to 25 days' imprisonment by the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court on a charge of possessing four grams of hashish last December. They were released after the sentence was passed, as they had already served 25 days' detention.

* * *

YEMENITE residents of Migdal Ascalon have appealed to the Municipality for permission to buy dough from bakeries, and not bread, as they wish to make their own "pitot." Their applications have so far been rejected by the Municipality and the local offices of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

* * *

CHARGED WITH slaughtering a cow last January in contravention of control ordinances, Zizi Tib, 24, of the Tel Litwinsky ma'abara was sentenced to three months' imprisonment by the Tel Aviv Anti-Profiteering Court yesterday. Hanock Sebechter, 65, and Yehuda Tib, who helped the accused slaughter the cow in a grove at the Saime Darwish quarter, Jaffa, were fined IL.300 and IL.100 respectively.

* * *

TWO COWS and a goat were stolen on Saturday night from a settlement in the coastal area. Tracks led to the border.

* * *

FOR CHARGING more than the regular fare Shimon Shem-Tov, a hired taxi driver from Jerusalem, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment and fined IL.100 or two weeks' imprisonment in lieu of the fine by the Tel Aviv Anti-Profiteering Court yesterday. His employer, Yehuda Vank, was fined IL.100 or two weeks' imprisonment in lieu of the fine.

* * *

THE POLISH Consulate-General in Tel Aviv was instrumental in obtaining the seven tons of paper required to print the Hebrew edition of Adam Mickiewicz's "Pan Tadeusz," which has just been published by N. Tversky. The Hebrew translation is by Yosef Lichtman.

* * *

FOR IMPERSONATING a sergeant major to impress his girl friend, Zvi Riedman, 21, a lance corporal, was ordered detained by the Jerusalem Magistrate's Court yesterday. Police charge he also carried forged Army papers.

ARMY JUSTICE

ACRE, Sunday. — A military court here today dismissed for lack of evidence the case of Nathan Musari, 37, a cafe owner from Haifa who was charged with having helped an infiltrator more than a year ago.

"This is a military court where justice should be done speedily. In spite of that, the Army prosecutor has brought before me a man who was charged more than a year ago," Rav Seren Shragan declared. "It's no wonder that the witnesses and the accused have forgotten the details of the case," he continued.

DORI LAYS WREATH AT WEST POINT

WASHINGTON, Sunday (UP). — Rav Aluf Ya'acov Dori, who is touring the U.S. on behalf of the Technion, yesterday laid a wreath on the grave of David Marcus, hero of the War of Liberation, at West Point. The General was the luncheon guest of Major General Irving, Superintendent of the Academy.

TURKEY TO RAISE STATUS OF LEGATION

ISTANBUL, Sunday, (INA). — Turkey is to raise its Legations in Israel and other Middle East states to the status of Embassies as soon as the National Assembly approves a bill to this effect presented by the Foreign Ministry.

EPSTEIN LIES IN STATE

TEL AVIV, Sunday (ITIM). — The body of Yisrael Epstein (Gundar Aviel), former member of the I.Z.L. General Staff who was killed in Rome, was brought to "Metzudat Ze'ev," the Herut headquarters here this afternoon, and is to lie in state there until the reinterment in the Nahlat Yitzhak cemetery at noon tomorrow.

ZIM DECLARES 7% DIVIDEND

HAIFA, Sunday. — A seven per cent dividend will be paid on cumulative preference shares of the Zim Israel Navigation Co. for the year 1952, it was learned here today.

The company's ships carried 27,000 passengers last year, not including immigrants, 7,000 more than in 1951.

Winter Sales Get Off to Slow Start All Over the Country

Jerusalem POST Staff

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The winter sales organized by the General Merchants' Association in clothing shops throughout the country got off to a slow start in Tel Aviv this morning. Men's wear shops appeared to be fairly slack throughout the day, but business in women's shops improved in the afternoon and they were fairly crowded after normal office hours this evening, shortly before the shops closed. Shoe shops also reduced their prices.

Goods were marked down with reductions of from ten to 50 per cent, the latter on the most expensive items, with about 15 per cent as the average. In the smaller shops, customers continued to haggle about prices but found that whereas previously they could bargain the price down by nearly 50 per cent, the margin was much smaller today, the shopkeepers explaining that their prices were already much below those of last week.

All shops were well-stocked with goods, some apparently brought out after having been stored for months, or even years and some that had been sold only "under the counter." Men's utility jackets were selling today for about IL.9, and hand-woven tweed jackets for IL.40, as against about IL.55 yesterday. Suits were to be had for about IL.20 each (Utility), or IL.70 for tailor-mades, as against IL.96 previously. Raincoats and overcoats were selling at about 30 per cent less than before.

Raising Cash

There was some rush-buying of shirts, and in one shop poplin shirts were offered at IL.4.950 a reduction from IL.9.500. Shopkeepers said that they were selling out stock to raise cash to pay off debts, and in some cases export items were included in the sales.

While the men's outfitters did little to attract customers by new window displays, women's shops were bright with an assortment of smart coats, jackets and dresses. Woollen coats, taken out of old stock, to which they had previously been rejected as "old style"; were selling like hot cakes for as low as IL.12. Sales were slower in the cheaper shops than in the more expensive salons, the owners of which reported they were satisfied with the day's business.

The unhappy ones were the shoppers who had bought dresses and clothing last week and today found the same goods offered at lower prices.

The winter clearance sale, the first in Israel for many years, is due to last for 10 days. Shopkeepers hope by then to sell out most of their winter stock, which has been slow-moving this year.

Most Jerusalem shopkeepers complained that although many people crowded their premises, sales were "just about as usual." The store-keepers reported that the "reluctant customers were mostly curiosity-seekers."

But a number of persons who visited the shops complained that the "sales were not genuine, or at least, only the goods of the lowest quality, which are difficult to sell, are being sold for slightly less than usual." They expressed confidence that "sooner or later, the better stuff will also come down in price."

In Haifa, the sales got off to a rainy start. Apart from shoe shop owners, whose business was moderate, most shopkeepers reported today that public interest did not go beyond window-shopping. Better weather was needed to judge whether the price reductions prominently announced in window displays, attracted coustomers, they said.

More Food, But Less Nutrition in 1952

The amount of food per capita marketed during 1952 was greater than in 1951, but its nutritional value dropped, particularly as regards its animal protein content, it was learned in Jerusalem yesterday.

The daily per capita caloric consumption in 1952 averaged 2,383, as compared with 2,327 in 1951.

The average daily intake of all proteins was 78.8 grams in 1952, an increase of 0.7 grams over 1951. The animal protein intake was 29.6 grams in 1951 and 22.4 grams in 1952.

A comparison of the nutritional value of average diets between November and December, 1952 shows a decline in December — from 2,863 to 2,535. It was due mainly to a carbohydrate decrease from 428 to 406 grams. The total protein consumption, on the other hand, increased from 78.8 to 80.2 grams. The animal protein intake fell from 21.8 to 20.9 grams.

The amount of standard bread marketed in December increased by 1.5 kilos over November to 10 kilos per capita. At the same time the amount of white bread marketed dropped from 6.5 kilos per capita to 6 kilos. The rise in the amount of standard bread marketed is thought to be due to consumers feeding bread to livestock, particularly poultry.

Drought Ruins 250,000 Dunams

The drought in the Negev has destroyed 250,000 to 300,000 dunams of crops representing an investment of almost IL.2.5m., it was announced yesterday.

The Ministry of Agriculture is now stocking cattle fodder. All waste from the citrus industry is to be diverted to the Negev for fodder.

The Ministry has secured 30,000 metres of pipes to be used as mobile irrigation units. It is hoped that this will increase auxiliary irrigation to 20,000 dunams. This irrigation is in part aimed at saving the crops and in part as preparation for the spring planting.

MACAO. — Chinese Communist patrol guards opened fire on Chinese boats near the Portuguese colony of Macao, on Saturday. No casualties were reported but some arrests were made. Chinese authorities are reported to have given warning that they will fire on anyone trying to reach Macao from China without a Chinese permit.

Agency Must Repay National Loan at 'C' Rate, Court Rules

Jerusalem POST Legal Correspondent

The Jewish Agency must repay holders of National Loan certificates (three per cent, 1948/53) at the equivalent in Israel currency of IL.1 for $1 rate, Judge Witkon, Relieving President of the Jerusalem District Court, ruled yesterday.

The sum of I.P.5m. had been lent by the public to the Jewish Agency, the Jewish National Fund, and the Keren Hayesod in 1948 as one of the means of financing the war. The terms of repayment provided that if the pound were devalued below $3 to the pound, which was the rate in 1948, Loan Certificates would nevertheless be redeemed at whatever the equivalent of $3 would be in Israel currency at the time.

When the certificates matured the Agency acted on a Treasury ruling that the Loan be calculated at the "B" rate (IL1 for $1.40) and therefore proposed repaying IL.2.140 for each LP.1.

Mr. S. Shimron, the State Attorney, declared in Court that the holders should, in fact, only get the "A" rate (IL.1 for $2.80) which was a devalutation of only 6.8 per cent and therefore should be repaid IL.1.070 for each LP.1. The "B" rate had been chosen, however, in order to encourage investment in the Loan.

The Bank Leumi Le'Israel Trust Company, representing the holders, argued that the Agency should pay IL.3 for LP.1 because the appropriate dollar rate in this case is the "C" rate (IL.1 for $1) and devaluation had been 33 per cent.

In accepting this argument, the Court declared yesterday that the whole idea of linking repayment to the dollar was to guard the creditors against the devaluation of local currency.

In examining the "C" rate, the Court pointed out that it was meant for importers of vital goods, amongst others, and "for any other reason". As one of the conditions of the Loan, the certificate holders had been promised that they would be repaid dollars if they imported vital goods. Though this was never done in practice, it is indicative of the general intention, the Court stated, and makes them eligible for the "C" rate.

Although the "A" and "B" rates are also used in the import of certain vital goods, the Court said that these are of a much more limited scope than the "C" rate. Replying on an American precedent, Judge Witkon ruled that if there is an alternative between multiple exchange rates, the importer should be given the benefit of the one which is least limited.

Mr. A. Levin appeared for the Trust Company.

Italian Oilmen Risk Cargo for Contract

ROME, Sunday (Reuter). — Italian oilmen behind the attempt by the 3,500-ton tanker Miriella to bring Persian oil onto the world market, said here today they expect to lose the cargo but hope to win an important victory keeping alive their contract with the Persian government.

One of the men said, "As soon as we land our cargo the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company will probably start legal proceedings. We know that they have a good chance of winning, particularly bearing in mind how they won at Aden on the Rose Mary cargo.

"We, on the other hand, will be left with a valid contract for a large amount of Persian oil — we cannot reveal just how much. It will not be broken because its non-fulfilment at the moment is no fault of ours."

Kirkuk Oil Output Reaches 15m. Tons

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — The Iraq Petroleum Company and associated companies announced today that production from the Kirkuk oilfield last year was double that of 1951. It totalled 15,500,000 tons compared with 7,900,000 tons.

In 1951, only 12 and 16 inch pipelines from Kirkuk to the Mediterranean were operating. Last autumn a 30 inch pipeline came into operation with a capacity of 14 million tons per annum. This rate will not be achieved until additional pumping installations become effective, the company said.

POPE PIUS RECOVERING

VATICAN CITY, Sunday (AP). — Pope Pius was reported today to be suffering from bronchial pneumonia. Vatican sources, revealing that the Pontiff is more seriously ill than at first indicated, said, however, that he continued to show improvement and that there is no cause for concern.

AFRIDAR QUARTER A LOCAL COUNCIL

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The South African Zionist Federation has welcomed the recent announcement by Interior Minister Rokach conferring local council status on the Afridar quarter near Migdal Ascalon, built with funds raised by South African Jews. In a cable to the Minister today the Federation promised its "abiding support."

The new 10-men local council is to have five members representing the Afridar Corporation (a joint body of the Federation and Amidar); three of the Migdal Ascalon Municipality and two representatives of the residents.

U.S. Immigrants Need Not State Religion

NEW YORK, Sunday (INA). — The McCarran Immigration Act's requirement that prospective immigrants to the U.S. must state their racial and ethnic classification on their visa application forms, does not apply to applicants' religion; American missions and consulates have been instructed not to conduct enquiries into religious affiliations, Mr. Edward Maney, Director of the Visa office of the State Department, stated yesterday.

Mr. Maney's statement was in reply to an American Jewish Congress request that the Department ban the use of personal data forms which contain space for designation of applicants' religion.

Haifa Gynaecologist Appeals Jail Term

The Court of Appeals convened yesterday to hear the appeal of Dr. M. Horowitz, a Haifa gynaecologist, who was sentenced by the Haifa District Court to one year's imprisonment for manslaughter last June. He had been convicted of having caused the death of a member of Kibbutz Hanita by injuring her in the course of an abortion.

Mr. J. Doron pleaded on the appellant's behalf that there had been medical reasons for performing the abortion and that it was therefore perfectly legal. He argued that if the deceased had been operated on promptly at the Rothschild Hospital, to which she was taken after the abortion, she would not have died.

He also stressed that she had been sent by the settlement's doctor to a physician in Nahariya and that the fatal injury might have been caused by him.

The Attorney-General, Mr. Haim Cohen, replied that if the appellant's plea was that the deceased's death was brought about by inadequate medical care in the hospital, he must first prove that had it been otherwise she would not have died.

The Attorney-General also stated that he had already proved to the District Court that there had been no medical necessity for the abortion. Though the accused spoke of "sub-involution" as the reason for the abortion, he had not hit on it until he stepped into the witness box.

The Attorney-General then asked the Court both to confirm the man-slaughter conviction and radically increase the prison term imposed by the District Court. Pointing out that in France the offence was punished much more severely when committed by a doctor, rather than a quack, Mr. Cohen stressed that an abortion was a full-fledged operation and should therefore be performed under the maximum hygienic conditions of a hospital and not in a private clinic.

ESHED, DAN SUED FOR DAMAGES

HAIFA, Sunday. — An IL.60,267-damage claim against the Eshed and Shahar bus cooperatives, and two of their drivers, was filed today in the District Court here, by Mr. E. Behar, 25, a stevedore from Tirat Hacarmel.

Mr. Behar claims that while he travelled in a Shahar bus to Tira last May 21, his right hand was injured and had to be amputated after the bus collided with an Egged bus. He would now be unfit for any manual labour, and had lost his stevedoring job, at which he earned IL.5 daily.

The Deputy Minister of Welfare, Mr. Israel Rosenberg, and his nine-year-old daughter Shoshana, submitted a compensation claim of IL.9,061 in the Tel Aviv District Court today against the Dan bus cooperative and its driver Shabtai Gdansky, who is charged with knocking down the child while she tried to cross the street near their home in Ramat Gan last January.

558 Fewer Students Now Studying Abroad

The number of students studying abroad and who receive full or partial foreign currency allocations has dropped to 1,017 from 1,575 last year, the Ministry of Education and Culture announced yesterday.

Foreign currency allocations were stopped to 343 students last year. Many of them are continuing their studies at higher institutions of learning in Israel. Another 215 completed their studies last year. About 100 are expected to finish this year.

The U.S. leads the list with 589 students; Switzerland, 152, England, 113; France, 70; Austria, 31; Italy, 31; Holland, 8; and other countries, 23.

A total of 198 are studying technical vocations; medicine, 175; aeronautical engineering, 63; engineering, 54; agriculture, 43; education, 39; agricultural engineering, 37; auxiliary medical professions, 28; textiles, 28; chemistry, 27; pharmacy, 32; administration, 24; and the others, various subjects such as music, theatre and art.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

Subscription Concert 5

Conductor and Soloist: WALTER SUSSKIND

TEL AVIV: Wednesday, Jan. 28 — SERIES 1

Thursday, Jan. 29 — WORKERS SERIES *

*) As the Conductor will leave for Copenhagen on Thursday, Jan. 29, immediately after the concert, the WORKERS' SERIES will take place at 6 p.m. that day and not at 8.30 p.m. as usual. The I.P.O. Management apologizes for any inconvenience caused to the public.

CELLO RECITAL

MAURICE GENDRON

HAIFA, "ORAH,"

Wednesday, Jan. 28, at 9 p.m.

At the Piano:

MOSHE LUSTIG

Sale of tickets at Ginzburg's, 25 Rehov Herzl.

B. Gillon — K. Ginsburg

Impresarios:

Latin-America Ballet

HAIFA: "Armon"

TONIGHT

and all the week through at 8.30 p.m.

Tuesday, January 27

Thursday, January 29

Tickets: K. GINZBURG.

RAMAT GAN: 'Rama'

2nd Week — New Programme

Sat. January 31 at 6 & 9.15 p.m. and every evening all the week through

Tuesday, February 3

Thursday, February 5

Tickets: Tel Aviv: "ARMON," 4 Rehov Hess. Ramat Gan: "REICHNITZ," 87 Rehov Bialik.

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AT SPECIAL PRICE!

GIVE YOUR CHILD THE CHOICEST OF COTS — THE "ONEG SPECIAL" CHILDREN'S COT — FIRST IN QUALITY AND SAFETY. NOW ONLY IL. 34.900!

Watch for our Trademark!

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FOLDING FURNITURE FACTORY

Personal Notice

To SEREN DR. HUBERT POLLACK

Many Happy Returns

ON YOUR FIFTIETH BIRTHDAY

FROM YOUR COLLEAGUES IN THE CORPS

The Haifa Municipality Executive hereby announces several

VACANT TEMPORARY POSITIONS

in the office for the preparation of the "Master Plan."

Candidates should be architects or town planners with experience in planning.

Applications with particulars should be sent to the Town Clerk, before February 15, 1953.

ABBA KHOUSHY, Mayor.

N. ZUCKER

Economic and Financial Adviser

31 Ha'atzmaut Rd. Haifa. Tel. 60884 10-12.30 p.m.

• SECURITIES
• CREDITS
• MORTGAGES

RESTITUTION

in Germany

(Blocked Marks, etc.)

Cables in Brief

RETURNS. — Queen Zein of Jordan arrived in Beirut yesterday en route to Amman after her trip to Europe, accompanied by her son, Prince Hassan, and her daughter, Princess Basma. After an official reception at Beirut airport, the party rested for a short while before taking off for Amman.

PAVLOV. — The Order of Lenin has been awarded to Soviet Academician Mikhail Pavlov for his scientific work, on the occasion of his 80th birthday.

UIA. — Rudolf Sonneborn was re-elected National Chairman of the United Israel Appeal for the third successive year at the 12th annual meeting of the U.I.A. Board of Directors yesterday. Elia Radinsky was re-elected Executive Director.

AMMAN. — The Jordan Premier, Tewfik Abu'l Huda, has dismissed the Mayor of Amman, Furhan Shobotlat. No reason has been given.

THE PALESTINE ELECTRIC CORPORATION LTD.

The Corporation hereby gives notice that amended electricity tariffs will be in force as from the meter readings in January, 1953. Full particulars of the new tariffs will be forwarded to consumers with their electricity bills, and may also be obtained at any of the Corporation's offices.

The tariff amendments include the following:

1. Change in the number of units chargeable at a lower rate in 2-room dwellings.
The number of units chargeable at the lower rate in 2-room dwellings, under Domestic Tariff 'B' (which applies to the majority of domestic consumers), has been fixed at 50 kWh per month, instead of 40 kWh as hitherto. In respect of electrical appliances under Domestic Tariff 'A,' consumers in 2-room dwellings will be charged at the lower rate for the first 45 kWh per month, instead of 30 kWh as hitherto.
2. Change in the application of the fuel surcharge.
Almost the entire fuel surcharge will now be included in the basic price for electricity. Of the fuel surcharge — hitherto 11 prutot per kWh — 10 prutot are now included in the charge per kWh, only the balance of 1 pruta per kWh being billed as a separate fuel surcharge. This surcharge will be subject to alteration from time to time in accordance with the fluctuations in the price of fuel.

The following is a summary of the tariffs most widely in use:

ALL-IN DOMESTIC TARIFF 'B.'
FIXED CHARGE per room — 210 Prutot per month
RUNNING CHARGE
a. In 1-room dwellings, for the first 40 kWh per month — 57 Prutot per kWh
b. In 2- or 3-room dwellings, for the first 50 kWh per month — 57 Prutot per kWh
c. In 4- or more-room dwellings, for the first 60 kWh per month — 57 Prutot per kWh
d. For all consumption in the same month in excess of the above limits 50 Prutot per kWh

POWER FOR SMALL INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS, WORKSHOPS AND COMMERCIAL APPLIANCES.

First 500 kWh per month	37 Prutot per kWh
Next 500 kWh in the same month	30 Prutot per kWh
Next 2,000 kWh in the same month	27 Prutot per kWh
Above 3,000 kWh in the same month	24 Prutot per kWh

The above tariffs do not contain the new fuel surcharge of 1 pruta per kWh.

THE GENERAL MORTGAGE BANK OF PALESTINE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1952 (To be submitted to the General Meeting for approval)

31st December, 1951		Authorised	Issued and fully paid	
If		If	If	If
	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
	Share Capital			
80,000	600,000 Ordinary Shares of 100 pruta each	60,000	60,000	
425,000	150,000 Ordinary Shares of If5 each	750,000	425,000	
190,000	38,000 8% Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of If5 each	190,000	190,000	
675,000		1,000,000	675,000	
200,000	Reserve Fund		210,000	
6,282	Profit and Loss Account — Balance of Profit		6,038	891,038
881,282				
	LONG TERM LIABILITIES			
	Debentures secured by a Floating Charge on the assets of the Bank —			
3,311,050	4% Debentures	3,255,650		
—	3% Debentures	850,000		
		4,105,650		
2,186	Debentures called for redemption, but not presented for payment	2,186		
55,327	Debenture Interest accrued due	60,769	4,168,605	
3,368,563				
	The Treasury of the State of Israel			
3,870,736	Payments on account of acquisition of Debentures		4,328,943	8,497,548
7,248,299				
	AND PROVISIONS			
	Creditors, Contingencies Reserve and Provisions — including provisions for taxation and proposed dividends			994,488
942,349				
9,071,930				10,383,074

31st December, 1951			
If		If	If
	FIXED ASSETS		
	Land and Buildings (at 35 and 35a Yehuda Halevi Street, Tel Aviv), nominal value	1	
1	Office Furniture, nominal value	1	
66,892	Investments, at cost	66,892	66,894
66,894			
	LONG TERM LOANS		
4,488,747	Loans on Mortgage	5,559,398	
3,565,166	Interim Credit granted at risk of the Treasury	4,370,143	9,929,541
8,053,913			
	CURRENT ASSETS		
168,695	Sundry Debtors and Payments in Advance	298,708	
700,000	Treasury Bills of the State of Israel	20,000	
82,028	Cash at Banks and in Hand	65,131	383,839
951,723			
9,071,930			10,383,074

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

H. HOOFIEN | Directors.
E. LEVONTIN |

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

We have audited the above Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account annexed thereto, and have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit. In our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the Bank so far as appears from our examination thereof.

The said Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account are in agreement with the books of account. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said Balance Sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at the 31st December, 1952 and the Profit and Loss Account gives a true and fair view of the result of the business of the Bank for the year ended on that date.

Tel Aviv, 21th January, 1953.

RUSSELL & Co.
Chartered Accountants, Auditors.

THE JERUSALEM
POST

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Monday, January 26, 1953
Sh'vat 10, 5713—Jumada-al-ula 11, 1372

A SUBSTANTIAL part of the history of the Jewish community of the United States is mirrored in the history of the Yiddish press there, and the final closing down of the "Morgen Journal," one of New York's four surviving Yiddish dailies (counting the Communist "Morgen Freiheit") serves to emphasize this point.

"THE MORGEN JOURNAL"

Nearly 70 years ago, in 1885, the orthodox "Yiddischer Tageblatt" appeared in New York — the first daily anywhere in the world in the Yiddish language. Next, in 1897 came the "Jewish Daily Forward" to promote and champion the organizing of Jewish labour and to spread international socialism in class-struggle terms suited to the sweated labour of the new American-Jewish ghetto. Not long after the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 the "Forward" identified itself with non-Communist labour and before long embraced the Labour Zionist point of view as opposed to what remained of the Socialist "Bund" which continued truculently anti-Zionist. To this very day, incidentally, sections of the periodical Yiddish press — as distinct from the dailies — belong to the extreme left. It is here that the stronghold of those who still guard the Yiddish language seems to have shifted; possibly in the vain hope of neutralising English and its inroads, and as a reaction to the emphasis on Hebrew by the Zionist Movement.

It was in 1901 that the "Jewish Morning Journal" (Der Morgen Journal) first appeared. Its tendency was broadly orthodox and conservative and in 1928 the falling off in immigration and the growth of a generation that knew not Yiddish enabled it to take over the ultra-orthodox "Tageblatt."

Now the "Morgen Journal" is no more and one must view its passing with not a little sadness and regret. In over 50 years of life a newspaper acquires something of a living personality. Hopes and endeavours were articulated within its columns, not least its faithful championship of Zionism in the National Home days. In this, the late Jacob Fishman had an unforgettable part. But the "Journal" also reflected an important section of American Jewish life which has all but passed away with the newspaper which guarded it and expressed its ideals. The Jewish community of New York has altered fundamentally. Orthodoxy with Yiddish as its vernacular has given way to an Americanized, streamlined Judaism expressing itself in English. The old school of Yiddish writers has been depleted, and for Yiddish there are no reinforcements among the young generation. Those bound to Jewish life and its traditions while finding their themes outside the community still show themselves to be the heirs of their parents' quick sympathies, their moral values and their capacity for apt self-expression but they think and write in English.

And as the Yiddish press declines in the United States its sun rises with compensatory brightness in the Southern Hemisphere. Argentina is the new country of Jewish immigration. There are no less than six Yiddish dailies in a country which a generation ago had none. Not unconnected with this evidence of a Jewish community with deep roots in the East European life is the fact that from South America last year came nearly fifty per cent of all Halutz youth in training throughout the world. In Paris, too, Yiddish journalism has taken on a new lease of life since the end of the second war.

But although the Yiddish press accompanies the Jewish people in the new lands of their migration and in some of them, as in the Argentine, reaches a high standard and prosperity, it is not possible to argue, as optimistic Yiddishists are prone to do, that Yiddish is in for a revival. What one sees is a closing together of the rear guard in the face of more concentrated dangers. Israel Zangwill remarked over a generation ago that the presence or absence of Yiddish expressions in ordinary Jewish conversation was a sure index to the waning or waxing of assimilation. The tragedy of the "Morning Journal" is not just the tragedy of that paper or even of the Yiddish language. It is the tragedy of a way of Jewish life which is passing without being substituted by something more worthwhile. If the old generation of American Jewry had left behind them a new young folk who had changed the morals and mores of their fathers for a higher synthesis of what was American with what was Jewish there would have been fewer regrets.

U.S. IMMIGRATION IS NOT JEWISH QUESTION — LEHMAN

J.D.C. Creed: Save One Human Life

The following are excerpts from a speech by Senator Herbert H. Lehman before the Joint Distribution Committee conference in New York on January 10, before Moscow's accusations against the Jewish doctors and the J.D.C.

THE notable record of the Joint Distribution Committee is written not only in the cold numbers of dollars collected and spent, nor in the simple totals of cases handled. The accomplishments of JDC are recorded much more vividly in terms of hundreds and thousands of human beings who have been rescued from terror and oppression, to be given new life and freedom. From the lands of the pogrom, from under the shadow of the swastika, and from behind the Iron Curtain, men, women, and children have been brought by JDC to asylum and security.

Fast on the trail of war, disaster and tyranny, JDC has functioned for almost forty years not only as the agent of rescue and freedom, but also as a builder and rehabilitator of human lives. Especially those unable to care for themselves — the refugees, the children, the aged, the crippled and the chronically ill — all these have been the concern of JDC. The so-called "hard core" of Europe's uprooted Jews, those whom no governmental agency would accept as their responsibility, were taken up and cared for by JDC. And in the Moslem countries, JDC has not only rescued thousands of adults from persecution and death, but has continued to provide medical care, food, and education for the children still left in these lands.

Mark in Israel

In Israel, of course, the work of JDC is written large across the face of the land, not only in terms of rescue activities, but also in terms of present rehabilitation. To anyone who has seen, or has heard described, the Village of the Blind, with its busy basket-weavers, its mattress-makers, and its broom-binders no further characterization is needed of JDC or of its agency in Israel, Malben.

I mention all these activities in order to translate into terms of human lives what JDC has done and is doing. In these days, it is easy for the meaning of individual lives and individual suffering to be completely lost in forests of figures. There is a growing tendency on the part of all of us in these times of statistical measurement to think only in masses and multiples, and to forget the importance of just one human life.

The work of the Joint Distribution Committee is based on the importance of just one human life. The idea of the State of Israel consists, among other things, in a belief in the right of every Jew who needs haven, who seeks home and freedom, to find it in Israel. Thus, there is a complementary correspondence between the basic idea of the Joint Distribution Committee and the basic idea of Israel. The functions of the Joint Distribution Committee are not, of course, exclusively focused on Israel. But the existence of Israel does, in fact, provide the essential element for rescue and asylum for oppressed and distressed Jews in the world today.

Today's Need

Today, in fact, challenges us more greatly than yesterday. Today's need grows more critical, not less. I am not speaking of Jews alone. I am speaking of all humanity, and especially of that portion of humanity which wears the chains of enslavement, and that portion threatened by aggression and enslavement.

It is a bitter fact of current history that individuals of Jewish faith and tradition, who were Hitler's tragic scapegoats, seem now fated to draw the special attention of the Kremlin. The recent trials in Prague served notice that Israel and Zionism are to be made pawns in the internal and external power play of Communist imperialism. Jews in the Soviet sphere are to be intimidated — and perhaps liquidated — while common cause is made with those uneasy leaders in Arab countries who exploit anti-Zionism and anti-westernism as distractions from the domestic miseries of the Arab peoples.

We must prepare, and move to meet this challenge on all fronts. As Americans, we are threatened in our vital interests, chief among which are peace, security and stability, not only in the Middle East but everywhere. As Jews, we must be deeply moved by this new menace to those of our common faith, both in Israel and behind the Iron Curtain.

We must support action on a governmental level designed to preserve the progress that has been made in the Middle East, and to accelerate it, for the benefit of all peoples in that area, and to frustrate the Soviet designs for fomenting new hatreds, new unrest, and new violence in that part of the world.

On a private and organizational level, we must make new efforts to forestall, to the extent possible, the persecution of Jews behind the Iron Curtain, and to be prepared for such rescue, rehabilitation and asylum activities as events require. And in this latter activity, the Joint Distribution Committee must play a central role.

Immigration Laws

But our concern with the perilous events outside our borders must not divert us from our problems at home. Indeed, in these days, our external and internal problems are one and inseparable. How we dispose of our internal problems controls, to a major extent, what we can do to meet our external dangers.

Our immigration and naturalization policy is a case in point. Our policy in this field, which has been traditionally considered of domestic concern only, strongly affects not only our national prestige abroad, but also the total strength of our leadership in vital matters of world peace and security.

There has been, for the past decade, an intensifying problem of rootless refugees in Europe and elsewhere. Cast up by the angry tides of World War II, by changes of boundaries, and by the forcible transfers of populations, these masses of refugees have threatened and continue to threaten the economic life and the political stability of the countries into which they have been expelled or into which they have fled.

Open Door

Considerable numbers of these refugees have migrated and been resettled in many countries of the world. Some have come to the United States, largely under the provisions of the Displaced Persons Act. Most of the Jews among these refugees have, of course, gone to Israel. At this point I want to make clear, especially because of my earlier remarks about the dangers which Jews behind the Iron Curtain now confront, that my deep concern with immigration policies is not and never has been based on anticipation of benefits for Jews. The number of Jews seeking immigration into the United States is according to all factual evidence, very minimal. For those Jews who may yet be permitted to leave the Soviet satellite states, the door to Israel is open in eager welcome.

No, immigration is not a "Jewish" question. My feeling on the subject of immigration is inspired by concern for all refugees and persecutees, for the homeless and the helpless of all nationalities and creeds — for all who seek asylum and opportunity for useful lives. These include worthy individuals in the over-populated lands, such as Italy, Greece, the Netherlands and Western Germany... individuals who could contribute to the world's work but who find no place in the crowded countries they now inhabit. Indeed today, these people are of heavy burden rather than an asset for the countries in question. There are many lands, including the United States, where these people and their families would find roots and could lend their labour and talents to constructive developments; but most countries wall upon the leadership of the United States to show the way in providing haven for immigrants.

All these circumstances underlie my own deep interest in immigration. At stake is world stability. At stake are the lives and future of millions of human beings.

Anglo-Iranian Builds New Refinery at Aden

ADEN (UP.) — FROM 7,000 to 10,000 Arab, European and American workmen will be hard at work here until the end of 1954 building a new oil refinery, seaport and 'town within a town' on the five million ton capacity Anglo-Iranian Oil Company refinery built by the British firm for its African, European and Middle East trade now that the company has been expelled from Iran.

The main contract for building the processing plan at 'Little Aden' six miles west of the town proper has been signed with the Middle East Bechtel Corporation, a construction firm which has put up most of the oil installations in Saudi Arabia. Another contract to build a 50-acre oil port after dredging some five million cubic metres of sand has been given to George Wimpey & Co. Sand pumped from the harbour opposite Square Island will be dumped on the shore to form a flat area on the precipitous coast for the port and other buildings. A.I.O.C. officials report that contractors have already placed orders for material and equipment to the value of over £6.5m., most of which went to British manufacturers. A complete construction plant, including cranes and earth-moving equipment has been shipped to Aden.

Over 300 British and American workmen are now living aboard the s.s. Dorsetshire anchored in Aden harbour. In addition to the refinery and harbour, the town of 'Little Aden' is being built with living quarters, shops, minor industries and all municipal services on a peninsula where at present there is only the small fishing village of Buraiqa. Every effort will be made, an official said, 'to avoid creating an exclusive town or industrial community.' It is hoped that the site will develop as a natural expansion of Aden and building of houses as well as other enterprises will be encouraged. Once public utilities such as roads, lighting, water supply and drainage have been completed by the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company, the Aden government will be in charge of them through the Development Commission.

REFUGEES FROM EAST BERLIN

This cellar in a refugee camp in West Berlin makes a temporary shelter for this woman and child who are among the 1,000 or more people who for the past two weeks have daily been making their way into the Western sector of Berlin from the East. On arrival they are housed in temporary refugee camps, bombed houses, cellars, etc., while awaiting transport to Western Germany. Express Photo

Readers' Letters

VENICE "BIENNALE"

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — Th. F. Meysels' article "Missed Opportunities," in your issue of December 23, demands correction. He writes: "In July, I ordered clippings of all criticism published about Israel's exhibit at the Venice "Biennale" from a reliable agency. I have now received a short reply — there weren't any. Another opportunity of Israel's cultural propaganda missed — this time at considerable expense."

I wish to name a few foreign newspapers which reported — some with illustrations — the work of Israel artists at the Biennale.

"Il Gazzettino," Venice, 13/7, 28/7, 29/7; "Gazzetta del Veneto," Padua, 13/8; "La Nazione," Florence, 23/7; "Numero," Arte e Letteratura, Florence, Sept. 53; "La Fiera Letteraria," Rome, 20/8; "The Jewish Chronicle," London, 26/9; "Israel," Rome, 25/9; "Israel Speaks," New York, 10/10.

Mr. Meysels would be astonished to learn how comprehensive these reviews were compared with articles published about the participants from other small nations. There were also letters of appreciation from Italian artists, art critics and people concerned with the Biennale, among them its President, Prof. Giovanni Ponti.

All clippings and letters mentioned can be seen at my office in the Museum.

Yours, etc.,
EUGENE KOLB,
Director of the Tel Aviv Museum; Commissary of the Israel Exhibition at the Venice Biennale 1952.

Critic's Reply:

In the list of newspapers supplied by Mr. Kolb there is not one daily of international rank. Art critics of New York, London or Paris who saw the Biennale appear to have taken no notice of the Israel exhibit, with the exception of two local Venetian papers, and even the Italian national press did not feature it. Thus with sincere regret I must maintain that I was right in my remark of December 23, I should have loved to have been proved wrong.

Yours etc.,
Th. F. M.

Jerusalem, January 20.

GRATEFUL PEN PAL

Sir, — Thank you very much for publishing my letter in your paper. I have already heard from three boys aged thirteen and two aged fifteen. I hope you have a very happy New Year. Sheila Wilcox, Jones Lane, Wadhurst, Sussex, England.

KEEPING POSTED

APART from the fact that it is as hot in Rangoon in January as it is in Tiberias in July — and January is the cold season there — the Israel delegation found the Socialist conference extremely stimulating. The proceedings were conducted in English, as the only convenient common language for the Asiatic nations gathered there, which simplified matters. Israel's harassed Foreign Minister — the senior guest present, as Israel was the only Asiatic country apart from Burma itself to have a Labour

Minister to send — discovered that Burmese Ministers were also liable to work up to 18 hours a day in a crisis, and that they had been so anxious that everything should go right on this occasion that heads of government departments acted as interpreters, and nobody less than a member of parliament as an usher in the main meeting halls. Mr. Sharett had an opportunity not only of making new friends, but of adding an Israel song to the repertoire of the assembly, which probably sounded as curious in their ears as the Eastern songs in those of the westerns present, and climbed a pagoda in his stockinged feet, the proper way to do it.

•

A SCIENTIFIC correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" recently referred to a highly sensitive contraption which was known to a select few in Britain during the war as the "Gesundheit mine". This was of the class of the proximity mines, usually acoustic or magnetic, which is detonated when a ship approaches within a certain range. The Gesundheit mine's speciality was its ability to differentiate between friendly and enemy vessels. When a ship came within range a proximity device released a small launcher mounted on top of the mine and trained magnetically to fire a canister loaded with pepper on to the deck of the ship. This exploded and fired its charge at any member of the crew who was nearby. A sensitive microphone pick-up did the rest. If one of the crew said "Gesundheit!", the mine forthwith exploded, if he just said "God bless you!", the mine remained inert and sank harmlessly to the bottom. It is in any case an arrangement that the Israel Navy might do well to be careful about. New mines have now been tuned to react similarly to the sound of Na Zdorovye, and the old-timers will have to be careful about that too.

WE have this week the strange success story of a mouse that got into a trap and out again. It began when a woman contributor to this paper admitted to her family that while she often caught mice in her library, where they were eating the books, she always took them outside and let them loose again. There is a wooden plinth behind her fixed bookcases that is quite inaccessible to humans, and behind this the mice can be heard running up and down busily marking down the tastiest volumes. How many mice had she released in this way? She hadn't kept count at first. About 70, perhaps. A friend offered her poisoned wheat — the mice would be gone in a week. She shuddered. He said she must kill them once they were caught. She said she had tried, and couldn't. So she would wait till the books were in shreds and the mice sat with her at breakfast? If it were proved to her that she was catching the same mice over and over again, and that they were gorging themselves on her precious cheese and hooting with laughter, then would she kill them? They were not the same mice, she said. No mouse in its senses would come again after the shock of once finding itself caught. Very well, she would agree to mark them with white paint before she let them go. The next morning the children of the family assembled delightedly to feed the night's prisoners with crumbs before

their release, a daily ritual that has up to now been carefully kept from the more realist members of the family. A speck of white paint was dropped on each velvety little back, and the mice disappeared. The next day four of the five new mice had blobs of paint on them.

Today's contributors include J. Shashoua, Tel Aviv, and P. Arnold, Benyamina.

Men and Things

THE chance to lead a double life is what we crave, the two-dimensional, twin-focus, bi-circumstantial existence which astounds our inner consciousness and enables us to thrive on the ownership of secrets.

The chief manifestation of this impulse is the magical fact that most of us live in one place and work in another. The front door shuts, the entrancing ride follows, during which we survey the many strange faces of other owners of other secrets, and then we burst into the second life of the office or factory. Not to know what homes those fellow-workers come from is of the essence of double-living. To these people one can give whatever impression one likes of one's home life: the cloud-capped castle, the streamlined flat, the desert retreat at the end of the bus-route. And whatever aim we have in one life, can be furthered by impetus taken from the other. If we fail for the secretary, we paint a picture of lugubrious domesticity, and cash in on the sympathy aroused. If we want a rise in pay, we invent the birth of twins. At home, yearning for more and yet more conjugal softnesss, the caress of fingers on tired brow, or the horizontal siesta with its sacred rite of the cold, sipped drink, we create in our spouse's mind the image of a tyrannical boss surrounded by nervous, place-seeking sycophants.

Whatever bliss we seek to win, our imagination and not our desert achieves for us. So we can understand why it is that a Dutch air line can offer beds in Holland to customers desiring to attend the British Coronation, and why workers of all grades generally resist the tendency of planners to site their homes beside factory and office.

B. H.

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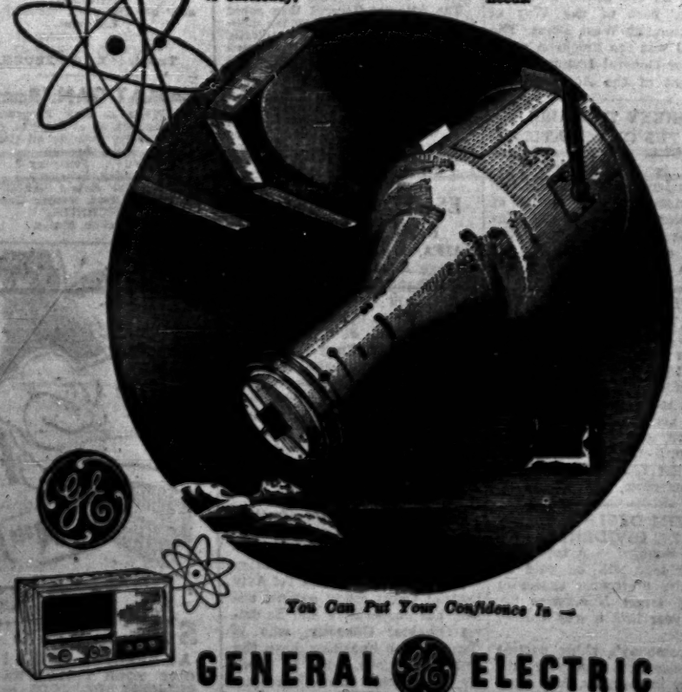

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